

Level 5 Certificate in Management

Objective of the qualification:

- It should available to everyone who is capable of reaching the required standards
- It should be free from any barriers that restrict access and progression
- It should give equal opportunities for all those wishing to access the qualifications.

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Entry Requirements

These qualifications are designed for learners who are typically aged 18 and above.

The policy regarding access to our qualifications is that:

- they should be available to everyone who is capable of reaching the required standards
- they should be free from any barriers that restrict access and progression
- there should be equal opportunities for all those wishing to access the qualifications

Level 5 Extended Diploma in Management

The Level 5 Extended Diploma in Management is a 120 credit qualification. Learners must complete five mandatory units and three or four optional units.

Unit Title	Level	Credit	GLH
Mandatory units			
Managing Communication	5	15	60
Business Organisations in a Global Context	5	15	60
People Management	5	15	60
Finance For Managers	4	15	60
Research Project	5	20	80
Optional units			
Learners must complete a further 3 or 4 units from minimum of 120 credits for the Diploma.	the list belo	w to achieve	a
Managing Stakeholder Engagement	6	10	40
Risk Management	6	10	40
Leading Organisational Equality and Diversity	6	10	40
Corporate Social Responsibility	4	15	60
Manage Sustainability in an Organisation	5	15	60
Resource Management	4	15	60
Administrative Services	4	15	60
Planning a Work Based Team Project	4	15	60
Marketing Principles and Practice	5	15	60
Planning a New Business Venture	4	15	60
Customer Relationship Management	4	15	60
Employability Skills	5	15	60
Business Ethics	5	15	60
Personal and Professional Development	5	15	60
Business Law	5	15	60

Level 5 Diploma in Management

The Level 5 Diploma in Management is a 60 credit qualification. Learners must complete three mandatory units and one optional unit.

Unit Title	Level	Credit	GLH
Mandatory units			•
Managing Communication	5	15	60
Business Organisations in a Global Context	5	15	60
People Management	5	15	60
Optional Units			
Learners must complete a further 1 unit from the list below 60 credits for the Diploma.	to achieve a	a minimum (of
Corporate Social Responsibility	4	15	60
Resource Management	4	15	60
Administrative Services	4	15	60
Planning a Work Based Team Project	4	15	60
Finance For Managers	4	15	60
Planning a New Business Venture	4	15	60
Customer Relationship Management	4	15	60
Manage Sustainability in an Organisation	5	15	60
Marketing Principles and Practice	5	15	60
Employability Skills	5	15	60
Business Ethics	5	15	60
Personal and Professional Development	5	15	60
Business Law	5	15	60

Level 5 Certificate in Management

The Level 5 Certificate in Management is a 30 credit qualification. Learners must complete two of the three units listed below.

Unit Title	Level	Credit	GLH
Managing Communication	5	15	60
Business Organisations in a Global Context	5	15	60
People Management	5	15	60

Unit Specifications

Unit Format

Each unit is presented in a standard format. This format provides guidance on the requirements of the unit for learners, tutors, assessors and external verifiers.

Each unit has the following sections:

Unit Title

The unit title reflects the content of the unit. The title of each unit completed will appear on a learner's statement of results.

Unit Aims

The unit aims section summarises the content of the unit.

Unit Code

Each unit is assigned a RQF unit code that appears with the unit title on the Register of Regulated Qualifications.

RQF Level

All units and qualifications in the RQF have a level assigned to them which represents the level of achievement. The level of each unit is informed by the RQF level descriptors.

Credit value

The credit value is the number of credits that may be awarded to a learner for the successful achievement of the learning outcomes of a unit.

Learning Outcomes

The learning outcomes set out what a learner is expected to know, understand or be able to do as the result of the learning process.

Assessment Criteria

The assessment criteria describe the requirements a learner is expected to meet in order to demonstrate that the learning outcome has been achieved. Command verbs reflect the level of the qualification e.g. at level 5 you would see words such as analyse and evaluate

Unit Indicative Content

The unit indicative content section provides details of the range of subject material for the programme of learning for the unit.

F F Managing Opensor	!aat!a	
5.5 Managing Communi	ication	
Unit aims	communication t	develop knowledge and understanding of how takes place within and between rganization, the and the benefits of good practice.
Unit level	5	-
Unit code	D/503/7074	
GLH	60	
Credit value	15	
Unit grading structure	Pass	
Assessment guidance	_	accordance with awarding rganization guidance. I carry out a review of communication within an
Learning outcomes The learner will:		Assessment criteria The learner can:
Understand how information knowledge is communic organisation		 1.1 Analyse key information and knowledge requirements for a range of stakeholders within different organisations 1.2 Explain the systems used for communicating key information and knowledge to stakeholders 1.3 Analyse potential barriers to effective workplace communication
Understand factors that workplace communication		 2.1 Evaluate how communication is influenced by values and cultural factors 2.2 Explain how technology can be used to benefit as well as hinder the communication process 2.3 Explain how policies and procedures can impact on the communication processes
3 Be able to promote effectinterpersonal communic	ation	3.1 Evaluate the effectiveness of own communication skills 3.2 Apply theories of interpersonal communication to oneself 3.3 Request feedback from others on own interpersonal communication skills 3.4 Plan own personal development to improve own communication skills, based on feedback from others
4 Be able to review comm within an organisation	unication	 4.1 Carry out a communications audit 4.2 Apply theories of organisational communication 4.3 Create a plan to improve workplace communications 4.4 Identify measures to evaluate the success of the plan to improve workplace communications

1. Understand how information and knowledge is communicated within an organization

Key information and knowledge requirements

- Company performance e.g. financial data, sales figures, regional differences
- Staff information e.g. numbers, salaries, appraisal information, training and CPD needs
- Product knowledge e.g. components, how they are produced
- how to carry out roles, professional knowledge, sources of 'know-how'
- Stakeholders e.g. shareholders, board members, directors, senior managers, operatives

Communication systems

- Meetings, briefings (whole staff, departmental, individual)
- Presentations
- Email
- Newsletters
- Interviews, appraisals
- Literature e.g. manuals, booklets, notices
- Training sessions
- Letters

Potential barriers

- Verbal communication tone, clarity, active listening and focusing
- Clarity of written message readability, language, tone
- Technology poor connections, inappropriate use
- Interpersonal relationships personal conflict
- Non-verbal communication body language
- Equality and diversity, pre-judgements, assumptions

2. Understand factors that impact on workplace communication

Values and cultural factors

- Language
- Customs
- 'Saving face'

Use of technology

Help

- To reinforce spoken message, to remind, to ensure written record
- To provide additional/visual information e.g. graphs, presentation software/slides
- Speed and efficiency

Hinder

- Inappropriate/overuse of email
- 'Death by PowerPoint'
- Overreliance e.g. instead of face to face, in event of technology failure

Policies and Procedures

- Legislation
- Charters
- · Codes of practice

3. Be able to promote effective interpersonal communication

Effectiveness of own communication skills

- Ability to contribute to meetings
- Use of body language
- Written communication skills
- Use of ICT

Theories of interpersonal communication

 Attribution theory, expectancy value model, uncertainty reduction model, social network theory

Feedback from others

- Written, oral
- Formal, informal

Plan own person development

- SMART Targets
- Oral, written, electronic communication
- At meetings, presentations, etc.
- Formal and informal
- Feedback from colleagues and managers

4. Be able to review communication within an organisation

Communications audit

- Communications systems and processes
- Policies and procedures

Theories of organisational communication

• E.g. Attraction –selection-attrition framework, contingency theories, groupthink, social network theory

Improve workplace communications

- Plan carry out analysis and act on the results
- Consensus
- Survey
- Training
- Feedback

Measures to evaluate

- Improved performance e.g. sales figures
- Increased staff retention e.g. staff turnover
- Increased motivation e.g. productivity

5. 2 Business Organisat	ions in a Global	Context
Unit aims	This unit aims to organisations far understanding w	develop learners understanding of the issues ce operating within a global context. This vill allow learners to review the issues currently
Heat Land	impacting on bu	sinesses.
Unit level	5	
Unit code	D/503/7088	
GLH	60	
Credit value	15	
Unit grading structure	Pass	
Assessment guidance		unit, learners must achieve the learning outcomes
	unit. Additional a sample assignm global business and operational	andards specified by the assessment criteria for the assessment guidance is provided on the ATHE ent brief. In this unit learners will appraise the environment and its impact on business strategy activities. Learning outcome 4 requires the learner acro-environment within a specific country of their
Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria
The learner will:		The learner can:
1 Understand the key diffe		1.1 Analyse the key differences between
between global busines	s operations	organisations working in different sectors, industries and contexts 1.2 Assess the responsibilities of organisations operating globally 1.3 Evaluate strategies employed by organisations operating globally
2 Understand the impact of external		2.1 Analyse how performance of national
factors		economy impacts on the activities of
on organisations		business organisations
		2.2 Explain the measures taken by
		governments to influence the activities of
		business organisations
3 Understand the impact of the global factors on business organisations		 3.1 Explain the implications of global integration on business organisations 3.2 Assess the effect of international trade on domestic products and services 3.3 Review the impact of the global economy on businesses 3.4 Assess how ICT technologies have facilitated globalisation
4. Be able to review current issues impacting on business activities in a named country of your choice.		 4.1 Carry out a review of the global environment in which businesses are currently operating in the named country 4.2 Propose strategies to address issues affecting business activities in the named country

1. Understand the key differences between global business operations

Key differences

- Legal status/ownership e.g. sole trader, partnership, company, corporation (e.g. limited and unlimited, public limited and international equivalents)
- Structure and size
- What they offer (Products and/or services)
- Image

Different sectors/industries e.g.

- Private e.g. manufacturing, service e.g. hospitality, finance
- Public e.g. healthcare, education
- 'Not for profit' e.g. supporting others, conservation and heritage organisations, campaign groups

Global context

- International
- National
- Local

Organisational responsibilities

- To shareholders
- To employees
- To other stakeholders
- To customers
- To the environment
- Ethical issues

Organisational strategies

- Human resources policy
- Environmental strategy
- Equal opportunities policy
- Ethics policy
- Financial plan
- International partnering policy
- Electronic modes of marketing and communication
- Reliable import and export processes

2. Understand the impact of external factors on organisations

UK economy

- Size population, labour market, education/training levels
- Growth/wealth gross national product (GNP), balance of payments, inflation rates, government borrowing, trade balance, public finances, taxation, national debt, availability of credit
- Business confidence investing, cost of borrowing, consumer buying/confidence, government policies

Government policies

- Monetary policies, interest rates, quantitative easing, unemployment
- Fiscal policies, spending (in central and local government), public sector borrowing, controlling demand, taxation, distribution of income
- Competition Policy
- Sector regulation e.g. in UK OfGem, OfQual, OfGas, CAA, OfCom –equivalents in other countries and globally where applicable
- Regional policies
- · Skills agenda, apprenticeships

3. Understand the impact of the global factors on business organisations

Global integration

- Trading blocs
- World Bank, IMF, Global/trading bloc policies and directives (e.g. EU), G20, OPEC and other relevant organisations
- Market size
- Transnational corporations

International trade

- Opportunities e.g. emerging markets
- Growth
- Protectionism
- Trading blocs, partnerships and agreements and their regulation/restrictions (e.g. EU)
- Trade duties and tariffs

Impact

- Increased competition
- Outsourcing to other countries
- Increased customer choice
- Increased need for innovation

ICT technologies

- Remote workforce advantages of being able to locate workforce in other countries where labour may be cheaper/may have more relevant skills etc.
- The role of the internet in trade
- Easy communication e.g. Skype, email, social networking

4. Be able to review current issues impacting on business activities

A review

- Domestic market in chosen country
- Global market
- Domestic and global policies
- Other global factors
- government policies
- Trade blocs

Strategies

- New markets
- New environments e.g. move business
- New technologies
- Growth/shrink
- Change of suppliers, importers, exporters
- Change in business structure e.g. from sole trader to company/ corporation

5.3 People Management		
Unit aims	In this unit learn what motivates i management sti an understandin impact of structu	ers develop the knowledge and understanding of individuals and teams and use this to review people rategies used in organisations. Learners will gain ag of leadership theories, motivational theories, the ure and culture as well as other tools that can be er people in the workplace.
Unit level	5	or people in the wemplace.
Unit code	Y/503/7073	
GLH	60	
Credit value	15	
Unit grading structure	Pass	
Assessment guidance	Assignment acc	ording to awarding organisation guidance.
Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria
The learner will:		The learner can:
1 Understand how structuon impact on people in		1.1 Explain how organisational structure impacts on people in organisations1.2 Analyse how organisational culture impacts on people in organisations
2 Understand approaches to managing on the differences between individuals that impact on their performance at work		2.1 Explain how personal differences impact on individuals' behaviours at work 2.2 Analyse the management styles needed to deal with differences in behaviours
3 Understand the organis that impact on people p	erformance	 3.1 Analyse the effect of leadership styles on individuals and teams 3.2 Explain the benefits of flexible working practices to individuals and organisations 3.3 using motivational theories, assess how the working environment impacts on people performance 3.4 Assess how an organisation's ethical practices impact on motivation levels 3.5 Evaluate how organisations use their corporate social responsibility agenda to motivate employees
4 Understand methods fo human resources	, •	 4.1 Explain how motivation theories can be applied to developing people in organisations 4.2 Explain the different uses of coaching and mentoring in organisations 4.3 Analyse the benefits of training and development to individuals and organisations
5 Be able to review how permanaged within organis	•	 5.1 Review people management strategies used in an organisation 5.2 Assess the impact on people of management strategies used in organisations 5.2 Recommend strategies to promote high levels of performance

1. Understand how structure and culture impact on people in organisations

Structure

- Hierarchical
- Flat/tall
- Matrix
- Inverted triangle
- Functional
- Product, market and geographical structures

Culture

- 'The way we do things'
- Assumptions
- Behaviours
- Values
- Codes
- · Stories, myths
- · Ceremonies and rituals
- Working practices

Impacts

- Power/influence of individuals
- Power/influence of teams
- Leadership power/influence (span of control)
- Communication channels, ease of communication
- Motivation levels
- Creativity
- Confused reporting lines

2. Understand approaches to managing the differences between individuals that impact on their performance at work

Differences in

- Knowledge, skills and experience
- Attitude
- Personality
- Attitude
- Perception
- Opinion
- Culture
- Religion and beliefs

Management styles to suit different behaviours

- Theory x and theory Y
- Self-fulfilling prophecy
- The Hawthorne studies

3. Understand the organisational factors that impact on people performance

Leadership styles and theories

- Trait theories
- Behavioural approach
- Contingency approach
- Autocratic/democratic/laissez faire
- Hersey and Blanchard Situational theory
- Charismatic leadership
- Tannenbaum and Schmidt

Effect of leadership styles on

- Motivation
- Creativity
- Flexibility
- Credibility
- Trust and respect
- Productivity
- Commitment

Benefits of flexible working practices to employees

- · Levels of autonomy, empowerment, trust
- Productivity
- · Quality of life to organisations
- Motivational
- Productivity
- · Need for facilities and systems

Motivational theories

- Hawthorne studies
- Maslow hierarchy of needs
- · Herzberg hygiene factors and motivators
- Reiss Theory

Ethical practices

- Scrutiny of suppliers
- Distribution techniques
- Customer relationship management
- Selling practices
- Staff development

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Agenda

- Developing the workforce
- Supporting the community
- Providing work experience placements
- Mentoring and coaching
- · Supporting career progression, providing opportunities
- Environmental policy
- Employment practices e.g. disability

4. Understand methods for developing human resources

Developing people

Empowerment, self-actualisation, theory x

Uses of coaching and mentoring

- Talent pools
- Developing skill and confidence
- Poor performance, disciplinary issues
- Re-engaging in the workforce

Benefits of training and development Individuals

- Self-actualisation, developing potential
- Increased motivation
- Developing talent
- Promotion/enhanced pay

Organisations

- Increased productivity
- Workforce retention
- Enhanced profit
- Legal compliance

5. Be able to review how people are managed within organisations

People management strategies

- Working environment
- Leadership style
- Structure
- Culture
- Staff development opportunities
- Flexible working practices
- Ethical practices
- CSR agenda

Impacts on:

- Individuals/teams
- Performance
- Staff retention
- Employee satisfaction

Strategies for promotion of performance

- Incentives, bonus schemes, incremental rises, improved job satisfaction
- For organisational improvement
- For organisational productivity
- For self-improvement

4.9 Finance for Manager	'S	
Unit aims		rners to practical accounting and financial are useful to managers in business organisations.
Unit level	4	5
Unit code	M/503/7080	
GLH	60	
Credit value	15	
Unit grading structure	Pass	
Assessment guidance	Assignment acco	ording to awarding organisation guidance.
Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria
The learner will:		The learner can:
Understand the requirer techniques for financial and reporting Understand how workin can be effectively mana	recording g capital	 1.1 Explain the purpose and requirement for keeping financial records 1.2 Analyse techniques for recording financial information in a business organisation 1.3 Analyse the legal and organisational requirements for financial reporting 1.4 Evaluate the usefulness of financial statements to stakeholders 2.1 Analyse components of working capital 2.2 Explain how business organisations can
3 Understand manageme accounting techniques	nt	effectively manage working capital 3.1 Explain the difference between management and financial accounting 3.2 Explain the budgetary control process 3.3 Calculate and interpret variances from budget 3.4 Evaluate the use of different costing methods for pricing purposes
4 Understand how to eval business projects	uate	 4.1 Demonstrate the main methods of project appraisal 4.2 Evaluate methods of project appraisal 4.3 Explain how finance might be obtained for a business project

1. Understand the requirements and techniques for financial recording and reporting

Purpose and requirement for financial records

- Legal requirements
- Tax requirements
- Internal control requirements

Financial recording

- Double entry bookkeeping (overview only)
- Day books and ledgers
- The trial balance
- Manual and computerised systems

Requirements for financial reporting

- Financial reporting requirements for sole traders, partnerships, limited companies and public limited companies.
- The financial statements (overview not required to prepare accounts) statement of financial position, statement of income, cash flow statement, notes to accounts
- Users/stakeholders
- Usefulness of financial statements

2. Understand how working capital can be effectively managed

Working capital components

- Bank and cash balances
- Debtors
- Creditors
- Stock

Management of working capital

- Working capital ratios calculation and evaluation
- Ways to manage working capital payment and collection cycles, stock control, overdrafts etc.

3. Understand management accounting techniques

Management and financial accounts

- Users
- Outputs information required by managers
- Monthly/quarterly accounts
- Useful ratios

Budgetary control

- Purpose and content of budgets
- · Cash flow forecasts
- Budgetary control process
- Importance of budgets for management
- Zero based budgeting, incremental budgeting
- Advantages and disadvantages of budgets

Variances

- Flexing the budget
- Calculating variances
- Explaining variances financial and non-financial factors
- · Reconciliation of budgeted to actual profit
- Advantages and disadvantages of variance analysis

Costing and pricing

- Classifying costs direct/indirect, fixed/variable
- Calculating unit cost
- Dealing with overheads full absorption costing and overview of other costing methods
- Pricing cost plus, marginal cost, price takers etc.
- Breakeven calculation and explanation
- Marginal costing

4. Understand how to evaluate business projects

Project appraisal methods

- Accounting rate of return
- Payback
- Net present value
- Internal rate of return

Evaluation

- Strengths and weaknesses of each method
- Non-financial factors organisational goals and vision, time factors etc.
- Organisational preference

Obtaining project finance

- Sources of finance internal and external
- Making a case for finance
- Providing assurances and project projections

5.4 Research Project		
Unit aims		research specification on a chosen topic, implement bject, evaluate and present the research findings.
Unit level	5	<u> </u>
Unit code	K/601/0941	
GLH	80	
Credit value	20	
Unit grading structure	Pass	
Assessment guidance	Assignments in	accordance with awarding organisation guidance.
Learning outcomes	-	Assessment criteria
The learner will:		The learner can:
1 Understand how to form research specification 2 Be able to implement the project within agreed properties.	ne research	 1.1 Formulate and record possible research project outline specifications 1.2 Identify the factors that contribute to the process of research project selection 1.3 Undertake a critical review of key references 1.4 Produce a research project specification 1.5 Provide an appropriate plan and procedures for the agreed research specification 2.1 Match resources efficiently to the research question or hypothesis
to specification		2.2 Undertake the proposed research investigation in accordance with the agreed specification and procedures 2.3 Record and collate relevant data where appropriate
3 Be able to evaluate the outcomes	research	 3.1 Use appropriate research evaluation techniques 3.2 Interpret and analyse the results in terms of the original research specification 3.3 Make recommendations and justify areas for further consideration
4 Be able to present the routcomes	esearch	4.1 Use an agreed format and appropriate media to present the outcomes of the research to an audience

1. Understand how to formulate a research specification

Formulating the research specification

- Identifying the purposes of the research; having clarity about the outcomes that will be delivered at the end of the research
- Rationale for the choice of the research including skills and knowledge to be gained
- Criteria for choice of research
- Consideration of ethical issues
- Methodology for conducting the research e.g. sources of information, primary and secondary
- Data collection and analysis

Creating the research project specification

- Clarify and confirm purposes and outcomes of research
- Statement of the research question
- Identifying what is to be included in the scope of the research and what is to be excluded

Planning

- Deciding on specific tasks which need to be completed
- Sequence
- Duration, time and dates
- Key milestones
- Review dates
- Monitoring and review process

Aspects for consideration

- Nature of the information e.g. qualitative and quantitative or both, validity and reliability
- Statistical analysis
- Accessing relevant information
- Control of variables
- Resources

2. Be able to implement the research project within agreed procedures and to specification

Implementation

- According to plan (consideration given to modifying plan in the light of monitoring information)
- Adhering to the scope of the research
- Retaining focus on the intended purposes and outcomes of the research
- Monitoring the project including paying attention to resource and time allocation

Data collection

- Application and implementation of the stated methods from the plan
- Systematic recording of data and information
- Taking account of bias, validity and reliability of information and control of variables
- Consideration of the sufficiency of the data and information collected

Data analysis

- Qualitative and quantitative
- Identifying trends
- Using software and statistical tables
- Comparison of variables
- Forecasting and extrapolation
- Graphical interpretation

3. Be able to evaluate the research outcomes

Evaluation of outcomes

- Consider the research question and specification in the light of data analysed
- Review the successes and difficulties encountered in the project for example
 - o delivering the purposes and outcomes of the project
 - effectiveness of the planning
 - o the methods used, the volume, validity and usefulness of the data
- Reaching conclusions

Recommendations and future consideration

- Significance and implications of the conclusions reached
- Application of the findings
- Limitations of and improvements to the research
- Developing recommendations including possible areas for future research or the processes used for conducting the research

4. Be able to present the research outcomes

Format and media

- Consideration of possible formats linked to the target audience
- Professional delivery of research
- Use of appropriate media

6.11 Managing Stakehol	der Engagement	t
Unit aims	The aim of the u	nit is to enable the learner to develop the
		understanding required to engage with
	stakeholders and to learn how to manage stakeholders in projects	
	and organization	١.
Unit level	6	
Unit code	D/503/5213	
GLH	40	
Credit value	10	
Unit grading structure	Pass	unit learners must achieve the learning autoemas
Assessment guidance	and meet the sta	unit, learners must achieve the learning outcomes andards specified by the assessment criteria for the assessment guidance is provided on the ATHE
	sample assignm	
		lemonstrate an understanding of the critical role of
		projects and rganization . Learners will need to
		ork from research and from their own experience as
	a stakeholder in	employment, as a learner and a consumer.
Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria
The learner will:		The learner can:
1 Be able to analyse key stakeholders		1.1 Analyse stakeholders and their needs and
Stakerioliders		expectations for either an rganization or project
		1.2 Evaluate and map stakeholder relationships
		1.3 Assess the importance of stakeholder
		engagement
2 Understand how to build	d an	2.1 Analyse methods to engage stakeholders to
effective stakeholder engagement		validate the implementation of policies.
Strategy to implement p	oolicy	2.2 Develop a communications strategy to
	•	effectively engage with stakeholders
3 Understand how to build	d and	3.1 Explain how to build and maintain
maintain stakeholder re	lationships	relationships with stakeholders
		3.2.Analyse issues that may affect stakeholder relationships
		3.3 Analyse potential conflict situations and possible resolution
		3.4 Assess the importance of monitoring and
		reviewing stakeholder engagement
4 Understand how to eng	age with the	4.1 Analyse methods to elicit stakeholder views
stakeholder groups.		On policy and other issues
		4.2 Analyse how to gain stakeholder validation
	_	and agreement for policies and plans

1. Be able to analyse key stakeholders

Analysis

- The concept of stakeholder and underpinning principles
- Determinants of key stakeholders for a project, process or organisation on
- Range of stakeholders
 - internal and external stakeholders
 - o other organisations
 - o individuals (depending on organisation on patients, service users, customers)
 - o groups (interest groups, user groups, pressure groups etc.)
- Statutory requirements to involve specific stakeholders
- Industry guidance on stakeholder involvement

Mapping and evaluation

- Stakeholder maps, grids, matrices
- RACI analysis:
 - o Responsible
 - Accountable
 - o Consulted
 - Informed
- Stakeholder roles

Importance

- Reasons to involve stakeholders statutory, guidance, support for change
- Implications of not engaging effectively with stakeholders e.g. change ineffective, lack of support for service, products etc.

2. Understand how to build an effective stakeholder engagement strategy to implement policy

Ways to engage

- Establishment of long-term stakeholder groups
- Establishment of specific 'action' groups
- Role of communications and marketing specialists
- Ensuring comprehensive representation
- Equality and diversity issues
- Reaching 'hard to reach' groups and individuals

Communications strategies

- Methods of communication with stakeholders
 - Face to face (meetings, presentations, focus groups,interviews)
 - Telephone (interviews, using questionnaires)
 - o Electronic (email, social networking, websites etc.)
 - Written (questionnaires, reports)
- Managing communications in-house (is contact with nalyzing on I representatives important?) Outside specialists (is, independence/ neutrality important?)
- Identifying suitable communications methods for specific stakeholder groups

3. Understand how to build and maintain stakeholder relationships

Building relationships

- Valuing stakeholders and making stakeholders feel valued
- Appropriate methods and timings of contact
- Maintaining contact methods and importance
- Managing stakeholder expectations

Issues

- Political and legal issues
- Economic and social issues
- Equality and diversity
- Resource issues
- Barriers to engagement
 - o Physical (location or spread of stakeholder group)
 - o Non-physical (attitudes, disengagement, cultural, social)

Conflict

- Conflicts that may arise e.g.
 - o Between analyzing on goals and stakeholder expectations
 - Between stakeholders
 - Between resource availability and resource needs
- Resolution of conflicts dealing with conflicts on an individual and group level

Monitoring and review

- Importance of monitoring and reviewing stakeholder engagement of to ensure still engaged with process
 - o to gain continued support
 - to engage with new stakeholders that emerge
- How to obtain feedback
 - o Interviews
 - questionnaires
 - o o focus groups
 - o reviews of policy
- Importance of acting on feedback
 - re-engaging stakeholders where necessary
 changing policies/strategies for engagement

4. Understand how to engage with the stakeholder groups

Methods of engagement

- Determining outputs required from engagement opinions, ideas, agreements etc.
- Choosing suitable methods
- Methods and how to use them
 - Meetings
 - Presentations
 - Focus groups
 - Interviews
 - Electronic methods
 - Telephone methods
 - Written methods
- · Assigning responsibility and accountability
- Recording and analyzing results
- Reporting and taking account of results

Agreement

- Importance and relevance of stakeholder agreement e.g. is it required?
- How to elicit agreement or validation e.g. showing how issues and concerns have been dealt with, sign off

Negotiation skills

6.4 Risk Management		
Unit aims	To raise business risk awareness and develop knowledge and understanding in the assessment, monitoring and control of business risks. To enable the learner to develop an appreciation of the implications of business risks.	
Unit level	6	
Unit code	H/503/5097	
GLH	40	
Credit value	10	
Unit grading structure	Pass	
Assessment guidance	and meet the sta unit. Additional a sample assignm theoretical persp illustrate the poi	unit, learners must achieve the learning outcomes andards specified by the assessment criteria for the assessment guidance is provided on the ATHE lent brief. Learners will approach their work from a pective and will need to use exemplar material to ints which are made. This may be taken from their or from research.
Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria
The learner will:		The learner can:
1 Understand the risk man function in business	nagement	1.1 Examine the role of the risk management function in business 1.2 Assess the role of business functions in the management of risk
2 Understand how busine		2.1 Analyse the risk assessment process
assessed and managed		2.2 Evaluate approaches to managing risk2.3 Examine the risk management process
3 Understand the effects risks and how they can	be managed	 3.1 Analyse the main drivers of business risk 3.2 Appraise the impact of different types of risk for a business organisation 3.3 Assess which business areas are high risk 3.4 Analyse risk management strategies
4 Understand approaches management and busing planning		4.1 Analyse the vulnerability of businesses to breaks in continuity4.2 Critically evaluate approaches to crisis management and business continuity planning

1. Understand the risk management function in business

Role of risk management

- Purpose of risk management why risks need to be managed
- Identifying risks
- · Review of activities and internal environment
- Setting objectives
- Risk assessment (impact and likelihood)
- Risk response plans
- · Control and monitoring

Functions that have a role in managing risk

- Strategic planning
- Marketing
- Compliance
- Operations
- Legal and accounting
- Insurance
- Treasury/accounting
- Management and quality assurance
- Internal audit
- Health and Safety
- Environmental

2. Understand how business risk is assessed and managed

Risk assessment

- Analysis
- Identification
- Description
- Estimation
- Control measures
- Evaluation and Review

Risk Management Frameworks:

- ERM programmes
- COSO
- ISO 3001
- Corporate governance/compliance
- Actuarial approaches
- Insurance
- Legal issues

Risk management process

- Risk assessment
- Risk reporting
- Decisions
- Risk treatment
- Residual risk reporting
- Monitoring on-going and formal audit
- Modification

3. Understand the effects of business risks and how they can be managed

Drivers

- Strategic risks (e.g. Competition, changes in society or markets)
- Financial risks (e.g. Liquidity, foreign exchange, credit risk)
- Operational risks (e.g. Product failure)
- Hazard Risks (e.g. Natural Disasters)
- Information risks (e.g. Computer hacking)

Operations: identifying risks in business operations (as above)

High risk areas

- Data
- Systems integrity
- Reputation
- Financial theft

Risk management strategies:

- Employment practices
- Fraud prevention measures
- Health and safety policy
- Protection of physical assets and business continuity
- · Process and product management
- Benchmarking
- Disaster management

4. Understand approaches to crisis management and business continuity planning

Vulnerability

- Factors
 - Size of business
 - Operating environment
 - Physical environment
- Impacts
 - Loss of profits
 - Loss of assets
 - Inability to trade

Approaches

- Business continuity planning
- Impact assessment
- Threat assessment
- Scenario definition
- Recovery solution design (including customer / stakeholder management)
- Implementation and communication
- Testing
- Maintenance and update
- Crisis assessment
- Incident resolution, roles and actions

6.10 Leading Organisation	nal Equality ar	nd Diversity
Unit aims		s unit is to enable the learner to develop an
		of the importance of managing equality and diversity
		anisation and to understand how to lead the approach
		diversity within an organisation.
Unit level	6	
Unit code	K/503/5120	
GLH One difference	40	
Credit value	10	
Unit grading structure	Pass	a unit learners must ashiove the learning outcomes
Assessment guidance		s unit, learners must achieve the learning outcomes standards specified by the assessment criteria for the
	unit.	standards specified by the assessment chiena for the
		nieve this unit the learner
		emonstrate a full understanding of the importance of
		ality and diversity in organisations. The learners will
		their knowledge and understanding to specific
		and this may be in the UK or in a selected country.
Learning outcomes	•	Assessment criteria
The learner will:		The learner can:
Understand the importar effectively managing equiversity. 2 Understand the dynamic leading and managing equiversity.	es of	 1.1 Analyse the legal requirements relating to equality within the organisation and in the organisation's relationships with others 1.2 Evaluate the implications of guidance and codes of practice relating to equality and diversity in specific industry sectors 1.3 Analyse the implications of equality and diversity for the organisation 1.4 Analyse the needs and expectations of stakeholders in relation to an organisation's policy on equality and diversity 2.1 Determine how to gain commitment to equality and diversity within an organisation
leading and managing equality and diversity in an organisation		2.2 Analyse policies and procedures that need to
diversity in an organisation	J11	be in place to promote equality and diversity
		2.3 Evaluate methods of communicating commitment, policies and procedures to relevant organisational stakeholders 2.4 Assess how to address equality and diversity issues 2.5 Analyse methods to review and monitor equality and diversity 2.6 Determine how to reach diverse stakeholder groups

1. Understand the importance of effectively managing equality and diversity

Legislation

- Definitions equality, equality of opportunity, diversity, different types of discrimination (direct, indirect etc.)
- Equality legislation (UK, EU, the international picture)
- Human rights legislation
- Coverage of legislation –employees, customers, stakeholders
- Industry requirements e.g. public sector
- Conflicts e.g. between law and religious or cultural beliefs

Codes of practice and guidance

- Status of guidance and codes of practice i.e. voluntary, required
- Industry standards or requirements e.g. public sector requirements

Benefits

- Benefits of equality and diversity in workforce
- Benefits of equality and diversity in stakeholder/customer base
- Needs and expectations of those inside the organisation
- Needs and expectations of those outside the organisation
- Fairness and justice
- Impact of prejudice and discrimination on groups and individuals

2. Understand the dynamics of leading and managing equality and diversity in an organisation

Commitment

- Creating a language and culture of commitment
- How the behaviour, actions and words of those within the organisation support commitment to equality and diversity
- Importance of showing respect
- Leading by example

Policies and procedures

- Policies and procedures for legal compliance
- Policies and procedures to meet organisational aims and commitment
- Writing equality and diversity policies
- How to ensure procedures help to meet policy

Communication

- Importance of communicating commitment, policies and procedures
- Training staff
- Raising awareness of staff and stakeholders
- Ensuring suppliers are aware of commitment, policies and procedures e.g.
 website designers, printers consider accessibility issues in terms of language, size of text; Facilities management consider suitability of premises access and use etc.

Addressing equality and diversity issues

- Identifying issues e.g. individual prejudices or discrimination, organizations discrimination
- Addressing language, actions and organization that does not support equality and diversity
- Dealing with conflicts (between individuals, between law and organizations aims, between law/ organization aims and religious or cultural issues)
- Changing policies to address identified issues
- Using disciplinary action with employees if required

Reviewing and monitoring

- Continuous monitoring of diversity in workforce, stakeholders, customers
- Regular reviews of equality of opportunity and diversity of workforce, stakeholders, customers
- Monitoring questionnaires design and use
- Regular reporting what to report, when to report, who to report to.
- Analysis and statistics methods and presentation
- Comparisons e.g. with national picture, other organizations with industry

Reaching diverse groups

- Identifying employee/stakeholder groups that are difficult to reach due to e.g. physical barriers (location, access) or other barriers such as cultural, religious differences
- Finding ways to communicate with diverse groups e.g. meeting with representatives
- Finding ways to include groups and individuals
- Overcoming non-inclusive attitudes and behaviours

4.0.0			
4.6 Corporate Social Res		nderstanding of Corporate Social Responsibility	
O'int dillio	(CSR) issues and impacts of CSR policy.		
Unit level	4		
Unit code	A/503/7082		
GLH	60		
Credit value	15		
Unit grading structure	Pass		
Assessment guidance	Learners will be required to demonstrate evidence of understanding corporate social responsibility (CSR) issues and the impact of CSR policies on stakeholders of organisations. They will make recommendations for responsible business practice.		
Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	
The learner will:		The learner can:	
Understand current corporate social responsibility issues facing business Understand the impact of corporate social responsibility policy on different stakeholders		 1.1 Define corporate social responsibility (CSR) 1.2 Describe background and changing attitudes to CSR 1.3 Describe the regulatory framework for CSR 1.4 Explain environmental issues in CSR 1.5 Explain economic and political issues in CSR 1.6 Explain social and community issues in CSR 2.1 Assess the benefits of CSR to employees 2.2 Analyse the impact of CSR on the supply chain 2.4 Explain how a CSR policy impacts on business performance 2.5 Explain how CSR impacts on marketing strategy 2.6 Assess the potential conflicts which may arise between the needs and expectations 	
3 Be able to make recommendations for responsible business practice		of different stakeholders 3.1 Review the CSR policy of a specific business 3.2 Assess the extent of voluntarism in CSR policy 3.3 Recommend changes to CSR policy to benefit different stakeholders 3.4 Assess the potential impact of changes in CSR on business performance	

1. Understand current corporate social responsibility issues facing business

Definitions

- Behaving responsibly
- Contributing to a better society
- Integrating social and environmental concerns in business
- The Triple Bottom Line people, planet and profit

Regulatory frameworks

- ISO 26000 Social responsibility voluntary guidance
- Environmental protection
- Health and safety legislation
- Human rights legislation
- Compliance with employment legislation

Environmental issues

- Recycling policies
- Sustainability
- Use of packaging
- Logistics of delivery, congestion
- Use of scarce resources
- Pollution
- Carbon footprint

Economic and political issues

- Location of suppliers
- Supporting local business
- Supporting developing countries
- Fair trade
- Non acceptance of global agreements e.g. Kyoto

Social and community issues

- Employing socially disadvantaged and disabled people
- Sponsorship
- Encouraging education and training
- Volunteering

2. Understand the impact of corporate social responsibility policy on different stakeholders

Benefits to employees

- Improved working conditions
- Lack of discrimination
- Compliance with legislation
- Whistle blowing policy

Impacts on supply chain

- Ethics in production
- · Responsible sourcing
- Reduced transport costs
- Reduced carbon footprint
- Use of technology in supply chain management

Impacts on business performance

Improved

Benefits to employees

- Improved working conditions
- Lack of discrimination
- Compliance with legislation
- Whistle blowing policy

Impacts on supply chain

- Ethics in production
- Responsible sourcing
- Reduced transport costs
- Reduced carbon footprint
- Use of technology in supply chain management

Impacts on business performance

- Improved sales
- Improved profits
- Conflicts of interest between stakeholders
- Competitive edge

Impacts on marketing strategy

- Ethical policies
- Brand differentiation
- Recognition of different cultures
- Cause related marketing campaigns
- Conflicts
- Customers willingness to pay more for ethical products
- Shareholders return on investment
- Increased costs

3. Be able to make recommendations for responsible business practice

Examples of businesses

- Manufacturing
- Financial services
- Hospitality
- Retail
- Not for profit

Voluntarism

- Response to pressure groups
- Effectiveness of voluntary practice

Changes to CSR policy

- Adapting business practice
- Ethical leadership
- Ethics in production and sales
- Engaging in corporate philanthropy
- Codes of conduct
- Environmental reporting

Different stakeholders

- Customers
- Shareholders
- Owners
- Suppliers
- Local communities

Impact of changes

- Enhanced public image
- Increased sales/profits
- Risk management
- · Competitive edge

Improved recruitment and retention of staff

5.1 Manage Sustainabili	ty in an Organisa	ation
Unit aims	To develop the knowledge, skills and techniques to be able to identify sustainability issues within an organisation and to put in place suitable management systems for legal compliance and corporate responsibility purposes.	
Unit level	5	, i
Unit code	F/503/5348	
GLH	60	
Credit value	15	
Unit grading structure	Pass	
Assessment guidance		carry out a sustainable development 'audit' on an
_	improvements.	y work for or know and make recommendations for The exercise could also be carried out in the nent or as a case study exercise.
Learning outcomes	recinege crivileriii	Assessment criteria
The learner will:		The learner can:
Understand the issues relating to sustainability of an organisation Be able to apply legislation, regulations and guidance on sustainability to organisations Be able to 'audit' the sustainability of an organisation		 1.1 Examine the principles of sustainable development 1.2 Analyse current issues in relation to sustainability 1.3 Assess key sustainability issues affecting a specific organisation 2.1 Analyse legislation, regulations and guidance on sustainable development issues 2.2 Evaluate the relevance of legislation, regulations and guidance to the sustainability of a specific organisation 2.3 Explain the application of sustainable development legislation, regulations and guidance on a specific organisation 3.1 Research the specific areas for improvement in relation to sustainability
4 Understand how to establish environmental management systems for organisations		 3.2 Analyse and report the findings of research on sustainability 3.3 Recommend improvements to sustainability 4.1 Determine appropriate environmental management standards for an organisation 4.2 Analyse environmental management standards to assess how they can applied to an organisation 4.3 Design an environmental management system for an organisation 4.4 Explain how an environmental management system could be implemented within the organisation

1. Understand the issues relating to sustainability of an organisation

Principles of sustainable development

- Concepts of sustainable development (Brundtland Report, Agenda 21)
- Corporate social responsibility and role of stakeholders
- Development of ideas around sustainable development
- Global and local issues
- Relationship to organizations
- Global organisations and interest UN Earth summits etc.

Current issues

- Current focus of sustainability agenda
- Agenda 21 issues
- Examples of issues: climate change, fair trade, community issues, carbon footprints, carbon trading
- How issues relate to and affect organisations
- Codes of practice

Specific businesses

- Business activities and implications for sustainability
- Benefits to stakeholders
- Areas of relevance for specific businesses global and local issues affecting and affected by business activities
- Examples of areas: carbon footprint, waste and water usage, use of natural resources, pollution, fair trade, organic farming, community issues, child labour issues
- An understanding of environmental legislation national and international
- Act Local, Think Global idea
- Related costs e.g. taxation, cost of water use, cost of waste; importance to business of sustainability in relation to cost, social attitudes, compliance with law

2. Be able to apply legislation, regulations and guidance on sustainability to organisations

Legislation, regulations and guidance

- UK, European and/or international legislation (relevant to learner context)
- Areas of legislation and guidance e.g. carbon use, pollution, water use
- Planning issues
- Source of guidance and regulation industry bodies, local authorities, government, organisations (e.g. soil association, climate change bodies)
- Influence of pressure groups, social attitudes, moral issues
- Environmental management standards
- Impact of legislation, guidance and regulation on business
- Corporate social responsibility

Relevance and application

- Relevance of legislation to specific businesses industry, national, international regulation affecting businesses
- Impacts in terms of operations and costs

3. Be able to 'audit' the sustainability of an organization

Research

- Carrying out a sustainability 'audit' for an rganization to identify areas of relevance
- Ensuring compliance with legislation, regulation, codes of practice etc.
- How sustainability can be improved actions and policies to improve sustainability of business activities
 - Example areas: water, waste, supply of materials and goods, use of natural resources, sales policies, transport, management of land and facilities, fair trade issues

Reporting

- Report formats
- Making recommendations and indicating benefits
- · Considering costs to the organisation

4. Understand how to establish environmental management systems for organizations

Environmental management standards

- Appropriate standards e.g.ISO14000/14001
- Importance of standards
- Impact of standards
- Health and safety issues

Application of standards

- Buy-in from senior management and stakeholders
- Practical implications of applying standards
- Relevance to specific operations

Environmental management systems

- Systems design and implementation
- Reporting mechanisms to stakeholders

4.2 Resource Manageme Unit aims		unit is to provide an overview of the human and
		ces needed in a range of organisations, including
	1	nary, service and manufacturing sectors, and
		erstanding of the impact of efficiency on the
		earners will use this knowledge to review the
		resources within an organisation.
Unit level	4	Toosaroos mamir an organication
Unit code	F/503/7083	
GLH	60	
Credit value	15	
Unit grading structure	Pass	
Assessment guidance	Assignments in	accordance with awarding organisation guidance.
Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria
The learner will:		The learner can:
1 Understand the key feat	tures of	1.1 Analyse the differing resource requirements of
resource management		organisations in different sectors of the
		economy
		1.2 Outline key requirements relevant to resource
		management in organisations in different
		sectors of the economy
2 Understand the importa		2.2 Evaluate how the use of physical resources is
effective use of physical resources		monitored and managed
		2.1 Evaluate the impact of resource wastage
		2.3 Assess the costs of high profile technological failures
		2.4 Assess the business case for the use of
		ethical
		and sustainable resources
3 Understand how to max	rimise the	3.1 Assess the need for human resource planning
effectiveness of human		in the workplace
onconvenious of framan	100001000	3.2 Using motivational theories, analyse what
		motivates people
		3.3 Evaluate the methods used to monitor and
		improve employee performance
		3.4 Assess the effectiveness of reward systems in
		different contexts
4 Be able to review the effective use		4.1 Monitor the use of physical resources against
of resources		performance measures and procedures
		4.2 Analyse data on employee performance
		4.3 Report on the effective use of human and
		physical resources
		4.4 Make recommendations to improve efficiency

1. Understand the key features of resource management

Organisations

- Primary e.g. mining,
- Secondary e.g. Manufacturing, electronics, engineering
- Tertiary e.g. service industries e.g. tourism, finance, catering

Resource requirements

- Raw materials
- Equipment
- Human resources/know how
- Technology
- Facilities
- Time
- Transport

Requirements

- Compliance with legislation, codes of practice
 - o Health and Safety e.g. hazardous substances
 - o Environmental e.g. disposal, impact on environment,
 - Employment e.g. diversity and inclusion, health and safety at work
- Storage facilities
- Waste/recycling systems
- Specialist training
- Management information systems

2. Understand the importance of the effective use of physical resources

Monitoring and management of physical resources

- · Buying and ordering systems
- Schedules
- Preferred suppliers
- Just-in-time management
- Stock control systems

Impact of resource wastage

- Financial costs, reduced profits
- Need for disposal of excess/out of date stock
- Poor image e.g. public outcry at waste
- Goods not delivered/manufactured/supplied
- · Loss of customer base
- Delays in production

Technological failures, for example

- NHS computer system
- Fire service control centre system
- MOD procurement system

The business case

- Business profile/image
- Marketing advantage, competitor advantage
- Ethical and sustainable reasons

3. Understand how to maximise the effectiveness of human resources

Motivational theories

- Herzberg
- McGregor
- Maslow
- Expectancy Theory

Human resource planning

- Respond to change in the organisation, to external factors
- Staff turnover
- Forecasting HR requirements
- Responding to employment trends
- At micro level to organise staff e.g. terms of employment, staff rota's, holidays

Monitoring and improving employee performance

- Key performance indicators (KPIs)
- Appraisals
- Statistics e.g. sales figures
- Targets
- Customer feedback
- Training internal and external

Reward systems

- Performance related pay
- Bonuses
- Advancement/promotion
- Status
- Share options

4. Be able to review the effective use of resources

Physical resources performance measures

- Budget restraints
- Statistics e.g. sales figures
- Performance against targets
- Customer feedback, levels of positive and negative feedback/complaints, levels of returns
- Repeat sales
- Targets
- Key performance indicators (KPIs)

Data on employee performance

- Statistics e.g. sales figures
- Performance against targets
- Customer feedback, levels of positive and negative feedback/complaints, levels of returns
- Repeat sales

Report

• Written report or oral report

Recommendations

- Physical resources
- Human resources

		London School of International Business
4.7 Administrative Service	es	
Unit aims	services that mig	Inderstanding of the range of administrative ght be offered to managers or departments within and to develop administrative skills.
Unit level	4	
Unit code	J/503/7084	
GLH	60	
Credit value	15	
Unit grading structure	Pass	
Assessment guidance		search the range and extent of administrative monstrate administrative skills.
Learning outcomes	•	Assessment criteria
The learner will:		The learner can:
1 Understand the range and diversity of administrative services 2 Be able to develop organisational systems 3 Be able to support meetings and		 1.1 Explain the different administrative services which may be offered 1.2 Analyse the skills required to be effective in administrative services 1.3 Explain the challenges presented when offering administrative support to more than one manager or department 1.4 Explain the legal requirements relevant to administrative services 2.1 Evaluate the different types of filing systems 2.2 Set up and run a filing system 2.3 Set up and use a stock control system 2.4 Use a purchasing system 2.5 Explain the importance of keeping accurate records
events		 3.1 Plan meetings and events 3.2 Produce documentation for meetings 3.3 Analyse policies and procedures for setting up meetings and events 3.4 Recommend improvements to policies and procedures for setting up meetings and events
4 Understand the importance of effective communication in the workplace		 4.1 Evaluate the suitability and effectiveness of different communication systems in the workplace 4.2 Analyse the role of technology in supporting effective communication in the workplace

1. Understand the range and diversity of administrative services

Administrative services

- Clerical services
- Distributing information
- Supervising junior staff
- Record keeping
- Managing mail
- Diary management
- Supporting meetings/conferences and events
- Payroll
- Reception duties
- Customer service
- Premises management

Skills

- Communication
- Customer service
- IT
- Organisation
- Time management

Challenges

- Managing specific needs of different managers
- Adapting to different management styles
- Planning and prioritizing
- · Utilising technology to streamline processes

Legal requirements

- Data Protection Act
- Health and Safety at Work Act e.g. Display Screen Equipment Regulations
- Employment legislation

2. Be able to develop organisational systems

Filing systems

- Electronic /cloud
- Alphabetic
- Geographic
- Numeric
- Chronological
- Subject

Stock control

- Bar coding
- Radio frequency identification
- Just in time
- First in first out

Purchasing

- Budget control
- Auditing
- Client relationship

Record keeping

- Sales ledger
- Purchase ledger
- Financial records
- Meeting notes
- Email records

3. Be able to support meetings and events

Meeting and event planning

- Physical or virtual venue
- Bookings
- Catering
- Timings
- Planning to budget
- Promotion/invitation
- Attendees

Meeting documentation

- Agenda
- Minutes
- Distribution lists
- · Papers for the meeting

Analysis of policies and procedures for meetings and events

- Type of system
- Ease of use
- Budget versus cost
- Accessibility
- Fitness for purpose
- Reporting lines

4. Understand the importance of effective communication in the workplace

Different communication systems

- Meetings: e.g. team, department, whole organisation
- Meetings schedule
- Telephone
- Email
- Conferences
- Informal

Role of technology in supporting communication

- Internet
- Intranet
- Virtual meetings/conferences
- Strengths and weaknesses of different technologies

	London School of International Business		
4.8 Planning a Work Based Team Project			
Unit aims		ect management skills in the workplace.	
Unit level	4	·	
Unit code	K/503/7076		
GLH	60		
Credit value	15		
Unit grading structure	Pass		
Assessment guidance		required to develop a proposal for a work based an the project, implement the plan and evaluate the	
Learning outcomes The learner will:		Assessment criteria The learner can:	
Be able to develop a proposal for a work based team project		 1.1 Identify the aims and objectives of the project 1.2 Propose roles and responsibilities of team members 1.3 Identify constraints on the project 1.4 Propose ways of monitoring and evaluating the project 	
2 Be able to plan the work based team project		2.1 Plan the physical, financial and human resources needed for the project 2.2 Carry out a risk assessment for the project 2.3 Produce interim and completion timescales for the project	
3 Be able to implement the plan for a work based team project		3.1 Carry out the plan according to assigned role and responsibility3.2 Log activities carried out during the project3.3 Log problems and solutions encountered during the project	
4 Be able to present the results of the work based team project		4.1 Analyse data from the project 4.2 Apply findings from the project 4.3 Use a range of communication skills to present results	
5 Be able to evaluate the project against the stated objectives		5.1 Evaluate their own performance5.2 Evaluate the team's performance5.3 Make recommendations for improvement for future projects	

future projects

1. Be able to develop a proposal for a work based team project

Aims and objectives

- Educational
- Organisational
- Personal development
- Team building
- Specific, measurable, achievable, realistic and timed (SMART)

Roles and responsibilities

- Project management
- Finance
- Legal/regulatory
- Task management
- Reporting

Constraints

- Financial
- Time
- Legal
- Risk
- Physical/resource based

Ways of monitoring the project

- Meetings
- Reporting
- Data analysis
- Interim appraisals

Ways of evaluating the project

- Success criteria
- Self-evaluation
- Peer evaluation
- Tutor evaluation

2. Be able to plan the work based team project

Physical resources

- Centre for project management
- Documentation
- IT facilities
- Telephone

Financial resources

- Budget
- Sources of funding
- Contingency

Human resources

- Allocation of team members' roles
- Job descriptions
- External expertise

Risk assessment

- Identification of risks
- Likelihood of risk
- Severity of risk
- Contingencies

Time management tools

- Critical path analysis
- Gantt charts
- PERT analysis
- Prince

3. Be able to implement the plan for a work based team project

Roles and responsibilities

- Individual assigned tasks
- Support for other team members

Activity log

- Record of tasks and actions during implementation of the project
- · Record of problems encountered and actions to resolve

4. Be able to present the results of the work based team project

Data analysis

- Data researched relevant to project
- Sales data
- Production data
- Customer profile data

Application of findings

- Relevance to aims and objectives
- Conclusions
- Supported recommendations

Communication skills

- Oral presentation skills
- Reporting formats
- IT skills
- Use of appropriate media

5. Be able to evaluate the project against the stated objectives

Evaluation methods

- Self-assessment
- Peer assessment
- · Evaluation based on teacher assessment

Recommendations

- Ways of working as a team
- Personal performance
- For the organization

5.6 Marketing Principles and Practice			
Unit aims	To develop an u	understanding of general marketing principles and	
	their application to business.		
Unit level	5		
Unit code	M/503/7077		
GLH	60		
Credit value	15		
Unit grading structure	Pass		
Assessment guidance	To achieve this unit, learners must achieve the learning outcomes and meet the standards specified by the assessment criteria for the unit. Additional assessment guidance is provided on the ATHE sample assignment brief. In this unit learners will gain knowledge and understanding of important aspects of marketing, as the subject relates to business. Learners will demonstrate their understanding by applying appropriate marketing theory to a chosen organisation or product. This includes producing an actual marketing plan for a stated product or service.		
Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	
The learner will:		The learner can:	
1 Understand the role of r	narketing in	1.1 Explain how marketing can be defined	
business		1.2 Explain the contribution of marketing to the	
		achievement of business objectives	
		1.3 Analyse the external factors influencing	
		marketing 1.4 Explain the role of marketing in a not for profit	
		business	
		1.5 Explain the elements of the marketing	
		process	
2 Understand the principles of marketing		2.1 Explain the different elements of the	
2 Officerstand the philophi	es of marketing	marketing mix	
		2.2 Explain methods of segmenting markets	
		2.3 Evaluate the benefits of segmenting markets	
		2.4 Analyse different methods of researching a	
		market	
		2.5 Explain how current technology impacts on	
		marketing activity	
3 Understand the application of the		3.1 Review the market segments for a specific	
marketing mix in a specific business		product or business	
		3.2 Analyse how the business positions its	
		products or services	
		3.3 Explain how products are distributed	
		3.4 Analyse the use of pricing strategies	
		3.5 Analyse the promotional strategy used by the	
		business	
4 Be able to develop a marketing plan		4.1 Propose strategic aims and objectives for the	
for a specific product or service		plan	
		4.2 Determine the target market/s for marketing	
		activity, with justification	

- 4.3 Analyse the macro and micro environmental factors influencing the marketing planning
 4.4 Propose a marketing mix for the product or service
- 4.5 Explain how factors relevant to the implementation of the plan have been considered

1. Understand the role of marketing in business

Marketing definitions

Differing definitions by various marketing bodies/associations e.g. CIM

Business objectives

- To introduce a new product
- To enter a new market
- To expand market share
- To increase sales
- To increase profits

Marketing contribution to business objectives

- Building competitive advantage
- Improving customer focus
- Increasing customer satisfaction
- Enhancing reputation
- Improving quality

External factors

- Political, economic, social and technological factors
- Pressure groups, competitors, Porter's competitive forces

Not for profit marketing

- Providing information in order to change attitudes e.g. health campaigns
- Providing information and generating income e.g. charities
- Social marketing e.g. political campaigns

Marketing process

- Marketing audit
- Environmental analysis
- SWOT analysis
- · Setting aims and objectives
- Planning
- Constraints
- Options

2. Understand the principles of marketing

Elements of the marketing mix

- Product mix: products and brands, features and benefits, product life cycle, Boston Matrix, product development, positioning
- Price: cost plus, competitive, psychological, skimming, use of strategies in different markets
- Promotion: above and below the line promotion, public relations, ethics in promotion, internet promotion, direct marketing, choice of strategy
- Place: types of distribution channel, managing distribution channels, use of Internet in distribution, choosing appropriate distribution channel

• Shift from 4Ps to 7Ps product-service continuum, the extended marketing mix, the soft elements of marketing e.g. people

Methods of segmenting markets

- Demographic
- Socio-economic
- Geographic
- Psychographic
- Benefits of segmentation

Marketing research methods

- · Primary, secondary
- Qualitative/quantitative
- Surveys, questionnaires
- Sampling methods
- Interviews, structured, unstructured, focus groups
- Observation
- Experimentation
- Ethnography

Impacts of new technology

- Use of social media, Facebook, Linked in, Twitter
- Viral marketing
- Mobile marketing

3. Understand the application of the marketing mix in a specific business

Market segment description

- Demographic
- Socio-economic
- Geographic
- Psychographic

Positioning and product mix

- Analysis of positioning
- · Products and brands offered
- Product life cycle analysis
- Boston Matrix analysis
- Product development process
- Porter's competitive forces
- Stakeholder analysis

Methods of distribution

- Analysis of distribution channels
- Management of distribution channels
- How channels reach target market

Pricing strategies

· Analysis of strategies used

Promotional strategies

Analysis of strategies used

4. Be able to develop a marketing plan for a specific product or service

Aims and objectives

- To introduce a new product feature or service
- To enter a new market
- To expand market share
- To increase sales
- To increase profits
- To enhance reputation

Target markets

- Specific demographic
- Geographic area
- Socio economic group
- Defined psychographic group

Macro environmental analysis

• Use of tools such as PEST

Micro environmental analysis

 Use of tools such as analysis of strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats (SWOT)

Proposed marketing mix

- Proposed product development
- Proposed product positioning
- Proposed pricing strategy
- Proposed promotional strategy
- Proposed distribution strategy

Implementation factors

- Barriers to implementation of the plan and their resolution
- Marketing budget
- Monitoring and controlling the marketing plan

4.10 Planning a New Bus	iness Venture	
Unit aims	The aim of the use skills can be approperly venture within an learners will nee and those factor new venture, incomplete.	unit is to develop business planning skills. These blied to either a small micro enterprise or a new in existing company. To use these skills effectively ed to develop an understanding of business types is that determine the success or otherwise of any cluding research of the market, how to develop the and how to pitch it.
Unit level	4	
Unit code	R/503/7072	
GLH	60	
Credit value	15	
Unit grading structure	Pass	
Assessment guidance	Assignments in	accordance with awarding organisation guidance.
Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria
The learner will:		The learner can:
1 Understand the differer	nt types of	1.1 Analyse the potential benefits, limitations and
business organisations		risks associated with different types of
		business organisations
		1.2 Analyse sources of finance for different types
		of business organisations
		1.3 Evaluate the legal considerations relevant to
O Lindovator difference that data variage		planning a business venture
2 Understand factors that determine market potential		2.1 Analyse market conditions that impact on setting up a new business venture
market potential		2.2 Analyse gaps in the market for potential
		products
		2.3 Analyse target markets for a business
		venture
3 Be able to develop a business case		3.1 Develop the mission, vision, aims and objectives of the business
		3.2 Interpret external factors to justify need for
		your business product
		3.3 Specify the business product to meet needs
		3.4 Propose business structures and systems
		that will deliver business aims and objectives
		3.5 Produce business planning forecasts based
		on targets
		3.6 Identify business responses if targets not met
4 Be able to pitch a busin	ess proposal	4.1 Pitch for funding for a business proposal
		4.2 Present documentation to support your pitch

1. Understand the different types of business organisations

Types of business organisations

- Sole trader Personal finance, savings, profit
- Partnership profits,
- · Unlimited company Personal finance, savings, profit
- Limited company profits, share, floating
- PLC shares, reissues

Benefits/limitations/risk

- Potential benefits ownership, control, managing risk
- Potential limitations growth, image, operations, finance
- Potential risks unlimited liability, loss of control e.g. to shareholders, closure, bankruptcy/insolvency

Sources of finance

- Savings
- Loans
- Profit
- Share capital
- Floatation
- Private equity

Legal considerations

- Health and safety
- Environmental
- Employment and redundancy
- Contract
- Insurance

2. Understand factors that determine market potential

Market conditions

- PEST (Political, Economic, Social/Ethical, Technical)
- Competitor analysis e.g. characteristics and strategies of the competition
- Estimating the market size

Gaps

- For the new products or services
- Emerging trends e.g. due to aging population, as a result of new technology
- Changing requirements

Target markets

- Socioeconomic
- Age
- Gender
- Occupation
- Sources of finance
- Special factors
- Personality indicators
- Geographical

3.Be able to develop a business case

Develop vision/aims and objectives (in relation to....)

- Market conditions
- Target market
- Market gaps

External factors

- PEST (political, economic, social, technological)
- Gap analysis
- Market conditions

Specify

• The product e.g. details, dimensions, purpose, longevity, target market, international or national market, pricing, distribution and marketing

Business structures and systems

- Organisational structure
- Resource management systems
- Communication and customer service
- Technology requirements/systems

Forecasts

- Financial forecasts
- Physical forecasts
- Sales forecasts
- Short and longer term

Business responses

- Use of contingency funds
- Closure
- Insolvency and bankruptcy
- New markets

4. Be able to pitch a business proposal

Pitch

- Present persuasive case
- Provide supporting documentation

Present documentation

- Vision and aims
- Needs and target market
- Business systems
- Forecasts

4.	11 Customer Re	elationship Management	
Unit aims	To develop an understanding of the scope and importance of Customer Relationship Management (CRM) and to explore how effective CRM is achieved.		
Unit level	4		
Unit code	T/503/7081		
GLH	60		
Credit value	15		
Unit grading structure	Pass		
Assessment guidance	outcomes	unit, learners must achieve the learning	
	the unit. Additional a	andards specified by the assessment criteria for assessment guidance is provided on the ATHE nent brief. Learners will approach this unit from a	
	theoretical persprequired to help	demonstrate the understanding required by the	
	LOs. This is particularly the case for LO4 where the learner will need to relate their work to a specific chosen organisation. In the LO the learner will need to create a plan for improvements so must		
	have detailed information about the chosen organisation.		
Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	
The learner will:		The learner can:	
Understand the importance of customer relationship management to business		1.1 Explain the key aspects of customer relationship management 1.2 Analyse the benefits of good customer relationship management 1.3 Analyse the impact of quality management systems on customer relationship management	
Understand how good customer relationship management is achieved		2.1 Explain the processes necessary for achieving effective customer relationship management 2.2 Explain the role of internal staff in achieving effective customer relations 2.3 Assess the role of external stakeholders in achieving effective customer management relations	
Understand the use of loyalty schemes in customer relationship		3.1 Analyse the use of loyalty schemes to gain information about customers 3.2 Explain how the information gained is used to inform marketing and customer	
management		service policy	
Be able to plan improvements to customer relationship management		Review customer relationship management 4.1 in an organization 4.2 Propose improvements to processes for customer relationship management 4.3 Propose improvements to the role of staff in promoting good customer relationships	

4.4 Produce a plan for the implementation of
improvements

1. Understand the importance of customer relationship management to business

Aspects

- Definition e.g. strategies to learn more about customers and improve relationships
- Collecting customer information
- Systems to store customer information
- Access to information for appropriate personnel
- Analysis of customer behaviour
- Use of data to inform marketing, customer service and quality systems

Benefits

- Increased profits
- Competitive advantage
- Increased sales due to better understanding of customer requirements
- Effective marketing targeted at known customer profiles
- Personalised approach to customers
- Increased customer satisfaction
- Increased customer retention

Quality Management

- Total quality management
- ISO standards
- Balanced Scorecard

2. Understand how good customer relationship management is achieved

Processes

- Creating a customer culture
- Collecting and processing customer information
- Making systems customer based
- Supporting with effective IT
- Complaints procedures

Internal staff

- Senior management
- IT managers
- Operational managers
- Front line
- Administration

Roles

- Determination of aims and objectives of CRM
- Choice of system
- Implementation and management of system
- Liaison with software suppliers
- Analysis and use of data
- Implementing customer service policies and processes
- Understanding of customer service as a key responsibility

- Role model
- Training

External stakeholders

- Shareholders
- Suppliers
- Community groups
- Customers

Roles

- Agreeing strategies
- Reporting
- Sharing information
- Complying with customer service policies
- Acting in partnership
- Giving feedback

3. Understand the use of loyalty schemes in customer relationship management

Information from loyalty schemes

- Purchasing habits
- Opinions
- Preferences
- Profiles of customers

Use of information

- Targeting groups of customers
- Product development to meet customer needs
- Adapting marketing mix
- Personalising marketing
- Choice of media for promotion

4. Be able to plan improvements to customer relationship management

Review

- Systems in use
- Current role of staff
- Service policies in use
- Quality benchmarks used
- Quality of customer service
- Available data on customer satisfaction

Potential improvements to processes

- New software systems
- Customer service policies
- Working towards recognised quality standards
- Introduction of mystery shoppers
- Introduction of a CSR department

Potential improvements to the role of staff

- Recruitment of right staff
- Training
- Clear vision and mission
- Appropriate access to customer data

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l re			e opportunity to enhance the employability skills
	equired for eff	fectiv	re management.
Unit level 5			
	/601/0992		
GLH 60			
Credit value 15			
3	ass		
	ssignment ac		ing to awarding organisation guidance
Learning outcomes			essment criteria
The learner will:			learner can:
1 Be able to determine own		1.1	Develop a set of own responsibilities and
responsibilities and perforr	nance		performance objectives
		1.2	Evaluate own effectiveness against defined
			objectives
			Make recommendations for improvement
		1.4	Review how motivational techniques can be
O.D. abla to dayalan interna		0.4	used to improve quality of performance
Be able to develop interperand transferable skills	rsonai	2.1	·
and transferable skills		2.1	Communicate in a variety of styles and appropriate manner at various levels
		2 2	Identify effective time-management strategies
3 Understand the dynamics	of working	3.1	
3 Understand the dynamics of working with others		0.1	how they can work together to achieve shared
With Guiorg			goals
		3.2	Analyse team dynamics
		3.3	
			and achieve team goals
4 Be able to develop strategies for		4.1	Evaluate tools and methods for developing
problem solving			solutions to problems
		4.2	Develop an appropriate strategy for
			resolving a particular problem
		4.3	Evaluate the potential impact on the
			business of implementing the strategy

1. Be able to determine own responsibilities and performance

Own responsibilities and performance objectives

- Personal responsibilities: Direct and indirect positive relationships, internal and external communication, adaptability and flexibility, open to learning and development, communication and interpersonal relationships
- Professional responsibilities: business ethics, employment legislation, employment rights and responsibilities, problem solving, decision making
- Performance objectives: Career and professional planning (short, medium and long term planning), targets e.g. for improvement and promotion

Evaluate effectiveness

- Monitoring performance objectives: planning, self-reflection, asking for feedback
- Self-appraisal and staff appraisal: including uses of performance appraisals salary levels and bonus payments, promotion strengths and weaknesses, training needs, organizational criteria/data

Recommendations for improvement

- Recommendations: including leadership and management development, further and continuing training, communication and interpersonal relationships, time management, stress management, ability to prioritise
- Based on self-knowledge and feedback from others: including staff, management

Motivation and performance

- Motivational techniques: including empowering, incentivizing, praise, rewarding, promoting, improving facilities (Herzberg's hygiene factors)
- Application of motivational techniques: including team briefing, appraisal, spending money, empowering
- Quality of performance: including increased productivity, self-motivation and job satisfaction

2. Be able to develop interpersonal and transferable skills

Solutions to workplace problems

- Training: refreshing skills and techniques, development training (CPD),
- building: improving staff relations and communication
- Use of professional expertise: external contractors, technical, financial, troubleshooting expertise
- Additional recruitment: staff, management
- Re-organisation: change of staff and management structure
- Problem solving: problem analysis, researching and information gathering of changes and issues in the workplace, acting on the information, generating solutions, choosing a solution

Communicate in a variety of styles and appropriate manner

- Verbal and non-verbal: open and positive, formal and informal, responsive and proactive
- Body language: awareness and use of body language
- IT and social media: Email, Skype, Facebook, Twitter, Asynchronous methods
- Situations: Meetings e.g. management, team briefings and meetings, customer/consumer facing
- Appropriate manner: Interpersonal skills including personal effectiveness, working with others, use of initiative, negotiating skills, assertiveness skills, social skills

Time management strategies

Strategies: Prioritising workload, setting work objectives, making and keeping appointments, working steadily rather than erratically, not procrastinating, making time for learning, reliable estimate of task time, work-life balance, delegation, communication of workload issues to others.

3. Understand the dynamics of working with others

Working with others to achieve shared goals

- Roles within a team: Leader, motivator, facilitator, rganizer, challenger, co-operator, optimist, pessimist
- Situations: informal and formal settings, team/group purpose

Team dynamics

 Dynamics: positive, negative, easy going, friendly, challenging, conflicting, supportive, management style (e.g. authoritative, consultative, laissez faire), impact on team/levels of motivation, levels of dominance

Alternative ways

 Changes to: action planning; monitoring and feedback, coaching skills used, ethics, leadership styles, standards set, motivation techniques used, innovation and innovating styles, responsiveness, styles of communication reliability, consistency, procedures used selection of team members e.g. specialist roles, skill and style/approach mixes, identification of team/work group roles, stages in team development e.g. team building, identity, loyalty, commitment to shared beliefs

4. Be able to develop strategies for problem solving

Tools and methods for developing solutions

- Identification of the problem
 - Definition of the problem
 - Analysis and clarification
- Tools and methods
 - Use of evaluative data and documentation
 - Problem solving methods and tools
 - Verbal and non-verbal information gathering
 - Observation
 - o Interviews
 - Focus groups

Strategies for resolving problems

- Strategies
- Identification of the problem
 - Definition of the problem
 - Analysis and clarification
 - Solution methodologies
 - Selection of appropriate actions including
 - Timescales
 - Stages
 - Resources required
 - Contingencies and risk management
 - Assessment of various alternative outcomes to gain a solution

Potential impact on the business of implementing strategies

- Evaluation
 - Based on critical success factors
 - Measurement of solution against specification and desired outcomes
 - Sustainability of problem solving strategy
- Impact:
 - Success or failure e.g. changes to production
 - Growth
 - Innovation
 - Employee/employer satisfaction/motivation
 - Changes to processes and procedures

Unit level Unit level Unit code M/601/1024 GLH 60 Credit value Unit grading structure Assessment guidance Learning outcomes The learner will: 1 Understand different ethical perspectives in business 2 Understand business objectives from an ethical perspective ethics 1 Understand diffics in workplace relationships 3 Understand ethics in workplace relationships 4 Be able to assess a current ethical issue in a business To provide the learner with an introduction to business ethics and how they are used by businesses to plan and manage their business ethicses. 4 Sessment criteria The learner can: 1.1 Explain the background and development of theoretical ethical issues which can affect the operational activities of a business of a business and its stakeholders to operate ethically 3 Understand ethics in workplace relationships 3.1 Assess the role of the company acting as moral agent 3.2 Analyse the development of mechanisms for achieving employee involvement and empowerment 4 Be able to assess a current ethical issue in a business 4.1 Research a current ethical issue affecting a selected business 4.2 Report on how the business could improve	5.8 Business Ethics				
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	a 2 a a				
the ethics of their operations whilst meeting					
objectives and ensuring good					
employer/employee relationships					
4.3 Design a suitable ethical code					

1. Understand different ethical perspectives in business

The history and development of ethics

- Modern ethics: teleological, deontological, utilitarianism and pragmatic ethics
- Applied ethics: How ethical problems are resolved in the context of the business or corporate and individual conduct
- Normative and descriptive business ethics
- Institutions and frameworks: The Society of Ethics, the European Business Ethics Network (EBEN)

Absolute v. relative ethics

- · Public morality and ethical codes
- Absolute v. relative
- Contextual ethics

Ethical issue in business operations

- Values in business activities
- Corporate social responsibility
- Trade
- Workplace and human rights
- Environmentalism and sustainability
- Professional conduct and standards
- Individual responsibility and conduct
- Corporate Governance
- Legal and regulatory compliance

Legal and regulatory compliance

2. Understand business objectives from an ethical perspective

Business objectives and ethics

- Business objectives such as shareholder value, profit, meeting customer and employee expectations, increasing market share etc.
- How these objectives are affected by ethical considerations such as compliance, environment, CSR, human rights, sustainability ethical treatment of suppliers, workers, investors and other stakeholders

Implications for business and its stakeholders

- Stakeholders such as employees, customers, owners, suppliers, wider population
- Implications
 - Designing ethical processes and relationships
 - Responding to ethical pressures
 - Ethical policy
 - o Ethics and responsibility reporting
 - Reputation
 - Ethical trade
 - Compliance with legislation and codes of practice.

3. Understand ethics in workplace relationships

The business as moral agent

- Stakeholder/business responsibilities, obligations and duties
- Moral obligations
- Psychological contract
- Transparency and accountability

Mechanisms for employee involvement and empowerment

- Employer/employee relations
- Workers councils, employee ownership e.g. John Lewis, unionization and employer accountability
- Discrimination and human resource policies e.g. equal opportunities
- Individual ethical rights, behaviours and responsibilities

4. Be able to assess a current ethical issue in a business

Research

- Ethical Issues such as globalization, labour issues, outsourcing, fair trade, sustainability, environmentalism, global warming, energy security, access to resources, e.g. water, timber, bio-fuels, community relations, intellectual property, social networking and personal information
- Report on ways to improve such as whistleblowing policies, contribution to the community, ethics in sales and marketing, ethics in IP
 - Design of ethical code including ethical auditing for example supply chain; ethical environmental and social reporting; business processes and design; ethical practices, standards and codes of conduct

5.9 Personal and Profes	•		
Unit aims	To develop confidence in the learner to successfully manage their		
	personal and professional skills in order to achieve their career		
	goals		
Unit level	5		
Unit code	T/601/0943		
GLH	60		
Credit value	15	<u> </u>	
Unit grading structure	Pass		
Assessment guidance	Assignment acc	ording to awarding organisation guidance	
Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	
The learner will:		The learner can:	
1 Understand how self-ma	•	1.1 Evaluate approaches to self-managed	
learning can enhance lif	elong	learning	
development		1.2 Propose ways in which lifelong learning in	
		personal and professional contexts could be	
		encouraged	
		1.3 Evaluate the benefits of self-managed	
0.00	11 1114 Comment	learning to the individual and organisation	
2 Be able to take responsibility for own		2.1 Evaluate own current skills and competencies	
personal and professional		against professional standards and	
development		organisational objectives	
		2.2 Identify own development needs and the	
		activities required to meet them	
		2.3 Identify development opportunities to meet current and future defined needs	
		2.4 Devise a personal and professional	
3 Be able to implement and continually		development plan based on identified needs 3.1 Discuss the processes and activities required	
review own personal an		to implement the development plan	
development plan	a professional	3.2 Undertake and document development	
development plan		activities as planned	
		3.3 Reflect critically on own learning against	
		original aims and objectives set in the	
		development plan	
		3.4 Update the development plan based on	
		feedback and evaluation	
4 Be able to demonstrate acquired		4.1 Select solutions to work-based problems	
interpersonal and transf		4.2 Communicate in a variety of styles and	
·		appropriate manner at various levels	
		4.3 Evaluate and use effective time management	
		strategies	
		strategies	

1. Understand how self-managed learning can enhance lifelong development

Self-managed and lifelong learning

- Approaches to learning continuing professional development e.g. off-site training, onthe-job training, mentoring and coaching, research based learning, team learning, professional networks
- Learning theory Kolb learning cycle; learning styles analysis
- Managing learning Identifying and setting learning goals and aims; planning how to achieve these, setting timescales and review points
 - Industry learning specific qualifications, training, apprenticeships etc. required and available for specific job roles and where to find information

How lifelong learning might be encouraged

- Explanation of the benefits, incentives such as promotion, time off work to study, payment of fees
- Organisational culture where learning is valued, encouraged and facilitated
- Availability and ease of access, credit accumulation

Benefits of self-managed learning

- Benefits to self self-confidence, career progression, personal development-improvement in knowledge, understanding and skill
- Benefits to rganization delivering business results more effectively and efficiently e.g. skilled employees, meets succession planning needs, satisfied employees, staff retention, attracting new employees

2. Be able to take responsibility for own personal and professional development Skills auditing

- Personal profile
- Identifying skills and attributes personal skills, industry and job skills, management and leadership skills etc.
 - Matching skills and attributes to industry/current job/desired job role, including identification of skill gaps

Personal development needs and activities required to meet them

- Development needs and opportunities available –training available, learning programmes and activities
- Mentoring, coaching
 - Career progression, secondments, job swops

Personal development plan

- Setting aims and objectives for a personal development plan, for example identifying the purposes of the development and the goals
- Setting timescales for achievement, monitoring progress with achieving goals
- Action plans

3. Be able to implement and continually review own personal and professional development plan

Implementing development plans

- Time planning/ planning learning sessions
- Consideration of what forms of training/learning are available and appropriate e.g. short course, distance learning, blended learning, full-time or part-time study
- Organising and undertaking activities
- Availability of funding
- Practical issues time away from work etc.
- Study skills note taking, self-assessment

Documenting progress

- Evidence suitable evidence of formal, informal, on-the-job learning
- Portfolio building: how to build a portfolio; meeting evidence requirements; CVs; transcripts

Reviewing and updating development plans

- Reviewing and evaluating achievements against aims and objectives and timescales
- Reflective learning, reflective diaries
- · Obtaining and using feedback
- Evidence of achievements
- Reviewing and amending learning plans
- Building in review dates
- Setting criteria for measuring achievement for formal and informal development activities

4. Be able to demonstrate acquired interpersonal and transferable skills

Problem identification and solution selection

- Problem identification e.g. relationships with colleagues, line manager, difficulties with aspects of role, interaction with other departments, time management, conflict resolution
- Problem solving
- Taking time to properly understand the problem and clarifying your thinking
- Decision making
- Initiative and taking control of a problem
- Acting within boundaries of own authority

Communication

- Verbal communication skills speaking skills, discussion skills, presentation skills
- Non-verbal communication body language, gestures, expressions etc. Using and reading non-verbal signs
- Written communication skills appropriate to the media used e.g. formal reports, emails
- Effective listening skills
- Negotiation skills
- Working effectively with others team building, discussions, social skills

Time management

- Prioritising work distinguishing between urgent and important. Taking account of who asks for the work to be completed
- Taking account of availability of others
 - Taking account of resources required
 - Setting work objectives
 - Meeting objectives estimating times for tasks, using time effectively including planning when particular activities need to be worked on
 - Sharing workloads, delegating tasks

5.10 Business Law		
Unit aims	To develop knowledge of some of the main aspects of business	
		arner may encounter as a manager in a business.
Unit level	5	
Unit code	R/601/1145	
GLH	60	
Credit value	15	
Unit grading structure	Pass	
Assessment guidance	Learners shous cenarios.	ald show how the law is applied in given business
Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria
The learner will:		The learner can:
Be able to apply the main principles affecting the legal relationship between business organisations and their consumers		 1.1 Apply the legal rules on implied terms relating between to the sale of goods and supply of services 1.2 Apply the statutory provisions on the transfer of property and possession 1.3 Evaluate the statutory provisions on buyer's and seller's remedies 1.4 Apply product liability statutory provisions
Be able to apply the legal rules on consumer credit agreements and agency		 2.1 Differentiate between types of credit agreements 2.2 Apply rules, termination rights and default notices in a given scenario 2.3 Differentiate between the different types of agent 2.4 Evaluate the rights and duties of an agent
Understand the legal rules relating to monopolies, mergers and anti-competitive practices		 3.1 Outline monopolies and anti-competitive practice legislation in the UK 3.2 Explain the role of the Competition Commission within the context of monopolies and anti-competitive practices and the UK office of fair trading 3.3 Define dominant positions within the EU common market 3.4 Consider the application of EU exemptions to potentially anti-competitive practices
Know the key provisions relating to intellectual property rights		 4.1 Identify differing forms of intellectual property 4.2 Outline the principles relating to the protection of inventions through patent rights and their infringement in a given business scenario 4.3 Describe the principles relating to copyright protection and their infringement in a given business scenario 4.4 Compare and contrast the protection of trademarks and business names

1. Be able to apply the main principles affecting the legal relationship between business organisations and their consumers

Sale of goods and supply of services

- Contractual basis basic contract law
- Relevant case law
- Relevant legislation e.g. in UK Sale of Good Act 1979
- Implied terms

Transfer of property and possession

- Statutory provisions
- Application of provisions

Remedies for buyers and sellers

- Remedies available
- When they are applied
- Purpose and intention of remedies

Product liability

- Defective products
- Tort law in relation to defective products
- Relevant case law
- Legislation for protection of consumer e.g. in UK Consumer Protection Act 1987
- Remedies for consumer

2. Be able to apply the legal rules on consumer credit agreements and agency

Types of credit agreements

- Definition of consumer credit, restricted and unrestricted use of credit, relevant legislation
- Types of agreement e.g. with suppliers, with lenders, small agreements, agreements exempt from regulation, linked transactions etc.

Rules, termination rights and default notices

- Relevant case and contract law
- Relevant legislation e.g. in UK Consumer Credit Act 1974
- Consumer credit licensing requirements
- Application of rules re: agreement, management, termination, early repayment, default etc.

Agents and agency

- Definition of agency, agents and principal
- Types of agents
- Authority of agents
- Rights and duties
- Liability
- Relevant legislation and case law

3. Understand the legal rules relating to monopolies, mergers and anticompetitive practices

UK Monopolies and anti-competitive practice legislation

- Legislation on competition and fair practice
- Definition of monopolies
- Examples of restrictive trade

Competition Commission and UK Office of Fair Trading

- Roles and purpose, Director General of Fair Trading
- Limits of authority
- Appeals

Dominant positions in EU

- Treaties
- Impacts of treaty provisions on competition and anti-competitive practice
- Enforcement and/or abuse of dominant positions

Exemptions

- Treaty articles and definitions
- Individual exemptions
- Block exemptions
- Impact of exemptions

4. Know the key provisions relating to intellectual property rights

Intellectual property

- Definition
- Types
- Relevance to business
- Ownership

Patents

- Definition of patent
- Legislation
- Registration in UK, EU and internationally, role of patent offices- UK, EU
- Rights related to patents
- What can and can't be patented
- Invention and ownership including patents and employees

Copyright

- Definition of copyright
- Legislation
- What can and can't be copyrighted
- Production and ownership
- Duration
- Protection under copyright

Trademarks and business names

- Definitions of trademarks and business names
- Registration of trademarks and business names
- Rights to use registered trademarks and business names

Infringement of IP rights

• Unauthorised use, passing off, hearings and tribunals

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